

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*



SAFETY DATA SHEET
From Berwick Care Equipment
Lancaster Road, Shrewsbury, SY1 3LG
Tel: 0845 3811138
Email: sales@berwickcare.co.uk

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**1.1. Product identifier**

Product form: Single Substance
Trade name : **GleemX Destain X Laundry Destaining Liquid**
Product group : Trade product
Product code : **K097X**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**1.2.1. Relevant identified uses**

Main use category : Professional use
Function or use category : Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products).

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name:
Company Name: **Berwick Care Equipment Ltd**
Lancaster Court, Lancaster Road
Harlescott Industrial Estate
Shrewsbury
SY1 3LG
Tel: **0845 38 111 38**

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]**

Acute Tox. 4: H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
Skin Corr. 2: H315;
Eye Dam. 1: H318;
STOT 3: H335

2.2 Label Elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hydrogen Peroxide

Hazard Pictograms (CLP)



Signal word (CLP): **Danger.**
Hazard statements (CLP): **H302 Harmful if swallowed**

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*

H315 Causes skin irritation
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements (CLP): P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
 P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of soap and water.
 P305 + P351+ P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing.
 P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in apposition comfortable for breathing.

The full texts for all H- and EUH-phrases are displayed in Section 16 'Other Information'.

2.3 Other Hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification:

Product is a strong oxidising agent

Danger of decomposition under influence of heat

Risk of decomposition in contact with incompatible substances, impurities, metals, alkalis, reducing agents

Risk of explosion with organic solvents

See also section 10

No presence of PBT and vPvB ingredients.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Common Name Conc (%)	CAS No./ EC No.	Classification
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 35%	7722-84-1	Accodng to (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) Acute Tox. (oral) 4, H302
REACH REG No.: 01-2119485845-22-XXXX	231-765-0	Skin Corr. 2: H315 Eye Dam. 1: H318; Acute Tox. (inhalation) 4, H332 STOT 3: H335

The full texts for all H- and EUH-phrases are displayed in Section 16 'Other Information'.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

First-aid measures after inhalation : IF INHALED: Potential for exposure by inhalation if aerosols or mists are generated

Move victims to fresh air. With laboured breathing: Provide with oxygen. Consult a doctor if the casualty is not breathing: Perform mouth to mouth resuscitation , notify emergency doctor immediately.

First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 10 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Consult an ophthalmologist immediately if the symptoms persist. When dealing with caustic substances, notify emergency physician immediately (key words: burn in the eye). Immediately call a doctor.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*

First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Immediately call a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Difficulty in breathing. Coughing. sneezing.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Bleaching of skin (whiteness). Dryness. Itching. Pain.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Severe pain. Redness. Swelling. Blurred vision.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Oral mucosal or gastro-intestinal irritation. Nausea. Vomiting. Excessive secretion. Diarrhoea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

The initial focus is on the local action, characterised by quickly progressing deep tissue damage. In the eye, caustic/irritating and harmful liquids cause, depending on the intensity of the exposure, various levels of irritation, destruction and ablation of the epithelium of the conjunctiva and corneal clouding, oedema and ulcerations. Danger! Possible loss of eyesight! Superficial irritations and damage to ulcerations and scarring develop on the skin. After accidental absorption in the body, the pathology and clinical findings are dependent on the kinetics of the substance (quantity of absorbed substance, the absorption time, and the effectiveness of early elimination measures (first aid/excretion - metabolism). In case of substances with high water solubility, irritations up to formation of necrosis in the upper respiratory tract may result after inhalation of caustic/irritating aerosols and mists. The initial focus is on the local action: Signs of irritation of the respiratory tract such as coughing, burning behind the sternum, tears, burning in the eyes or nose. There is risk of pulmonary oedema.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media: Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray, dry powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Special hazards: Product is fire-stimulating.

Contact with the following substances may cause inflammation: flammable substances.

The product itself does not burn. Involved in a fire, it may decompose yielding oxygen.

Risk of overpressure and burst due to decomposition in confined spaces and pipes.

Release of oxygen may support combustion.

Special protective equipment: Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In case of fire, wear respiratory protective equipment independent of surrounding air and chemical protective suit.

Further advice: Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep out unprotected persons. Keep unauthorised persons away.

With large-scale fire, violent decomposition or even explosion is possible. In case of fire, cool the containers that are at risk with water or dilute with water (flooding) or in case of fire, remove the endangered containers and bring to a safe place, if this can be done safely. Ensure there are sufficient retaining facilities for water used to extinguish fire.

Contaminated fire-extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with the regulations issued by the appropriate local

authorities. Fire residues should be disposed of in accordance with the regulations. Water used to extinguish fire should not enter drainage systems, soil or stretches of water.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions:

Product causes chemical burns. Wear personal protection, see Section 8

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep out unprotected personnel. Keep unauthorised personnel away

Environmental precautions:

Observe regulations on prevention of water pollution. Dam with sand or earth.

Do not use: textiles, sawdust, combustible substances.

Do not permit to enter into surface water, stretches of water or soil undiluted.

Methods and material for containment and clean-up:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*

In case of larger quantities: Collect product in suitable containers (e.g. made of plastic) using appropriate equipment (e.g. liquid pump). Keep away from flammable substances. Keep away from incompatible substances. Rinse away any residue with plenty of water. Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with the regulations. With small amounts: Dilute product with lots of water and rinse away - or - absorb with liquid binding material e.g. diatomaceous earth or universal binder. Pick up mechanically. Collect in suitable containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Waste to be packed like clean product and to be marked. Identification label on packages not to be removed until recycling.

Additional advice:

Make safe or remove all sources of ignition. Shut off leak, if possible and safe to do. Isolate defective containers immediately, if possible and safe to do so. Place defective containers in waste receptacle (waste packaging receptacle) made of plastic (not metal). Do not seal defective containers or waste receptacles airtight (danger of bursting due to product decomposition). Never return spilled product into its original container for re-use (risk of decomposition).

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

Avoid impurities and heat effect.

Ensure there is good room ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not inhale vapour, aerosols, mist.

Wear personal protective equipment. For personal protection see section 8.

Immediately change moistened and saturated work clothes. Immediately rinse contaminated or saturated clothing with water.

Provide for installation of emergency shower and eye bath.

Set up safety and operation procedures.

Never return spilled product into its original container for re-use (Risk of decomposition).

Storage precautions:

Avoid sun rays, heat, heat effect.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Keep away from flammable substances.

Keep away from incompatible substances.

Keep in a cool, dry, clean, well ventilated area.

Recommendation: Acid-proof floor/ joint-less, smooth concrete floor.

Only use containers which are specially permitted for: hydrogen peroxide and/or for transport, storage and tank installations, only use suitable materials. Use adequate venting devices on all packages, containers and tanks and check correct operation periodically.

Do not confine product in unvented vessels or between closed valves. Risk of overpressure and burst due to decomposition in confined spaces and pipes.

Packages, containers and tanks should regularly be checked by visual observation for any sign of abnormality, e.g. corrosion, exert pressure (bulging), temperature increase etc.

Transport and store container in an upright position only.

Suitable materials vanadium steel: 1.4571 or 1.4541, passivated

Suitable materials aluminium: min. 99.5 % passivated

Suitable materials aluminium magnesium alloys, passivated

Suitable materials polyethylene, polypropylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC),

Suitable materials polytetrafluoroethylene

Suitable materials glass, ceramics

Unsuitable materials iron, mild steel, copper, bronze, brass, zinc, tin.

Advice on common storage

Do not store together with: alkalis, reductants, metallic salts (risk of decomposition).

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*

Do not store together with: inflammable substances (risk of fire).

Do not store together with: organic solvents (risk of explosion).

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1. Control parameters****Hydrogen Peroxide****Workplace exposure limits:**

TWA	EH40	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3
-----	------	-----------------

Respirable Mist

STEL	EH40	2 ppm 2.8 mg/m3
------	------	-----------------

DNEL/DMEL Values**Hydrogen peroxide**

End Use	Worker
Routes of exposure	Inhalation
Possible health damage	Acute- local effects
Value	3mg/m3
End Use	Worker
Routes of exposure	Inhalation
Possible health damage	Long term-systemic effects
Value	1.4mg/m3
End Use	Consumers
Routes of exposure	Inhalation
Possible health damage	Acute- local effects
Value	1.93mg/m3
End Use	Consumers
Routes of exposure	Inhalation
Possible health damage	Long term- local effects
Value	0.21mg/m3

PNEC values

Freshwater	
Value	0.0126mg/l
Marine water	
Value	0.0126mg/l
Water-intermittent release	
Value	0.0138mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	
Value	4.66 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	
Value	0.47 mg/kg (dry weight)
Marine water sediment	
Value	0.47 mg/kg (dry weight)
Soil	
Value	0.0023 mg/kg (dry weight)

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Ensure suitable suction/aeration at the work place and with operational machinery.
Provide for installation of emergency shower and eye bath.

Suitable measuring processes are:

OSHA method ID 006

OSHA method VI-6

Respiratory protection: If workplace exposure limit is exceeded apply Respiratory protective equipment.

If open handling is unavoidable:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*

Wear respiratory protection.

If necessary: Provide with fresh air.

If necessary: Local ventilation.

When handling for a short time: Suitable filter: Type NO-P3, code colour blue-white

In the event of prolonged exposure during handling: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133)

Note time limit for wearing respiratory protective equipment.

Hand protection: Wear suitable gloves.

Glove material: Butyl-rubber, for example: Butoject 898, Kachele-Carna Latex GmbH (KCL), Germany. Material thickness: 0.7 mm. Breakthrough time: >480 min. Method: DIN EN 374.

Glove material: Natural rubber (NR) for example: Combi latex 395, Kachele-Cama Latex GmbH (KCL), Germany. Material thickness: 1 mm. Breakthrough time: >480 min. Method: DIN EN 374.

Glove material: Nitrile, for example: Camartril 731, Kachele-Cama Latex GmbH (KCL), Germany. Material thickness: 0.33 mm. Breakthrough time: >480 min. Method: DIN EN 374.

Eye protection: Safety glasses with side shields conforming to EN 166, or when handling larger quantities: basket shaped glasses/ goggles.

Skin protection: Wear protective clothing, acid-proof. Suitable materials are: PVC, neoprene, nitrile rubber (NBR), rubber. Rubber or plastic Boots

Hygiene Measures: Do not inhale vapour, aerosols, mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Ensure there is good room ventilation. The work place related airborne concentrations have to be kept below of the indicated exposure limits. If the limits at the workplace are exceeded and/or larger amounts are released (leakage, spilling, etc) the indicated respiratory protection should

be used. No eating, drinking, smoking or snuffing tobacco at work. Wash face and/or hands before breaks and end of work

Use preventative skin protection. Avoid contaminating clothes with product. Immediately change moistened and saturated work clothing Immediately rinse contaminated or saturated clothing with water. Any contaminated protective equipment to be cleaned after use.

Protective Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid protective gloves, clothes and shoes made from the following materials: Leather. The personal protective equipment used must meet the requirements of directive 89/686/EEC and amendments (CE certification). It should be defined in the workplace in the form of a risk analysis according to directive 89/686/EEC and amendments.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Colourless Liquid
Odour:	Stinging
Odour threshold:	No data available
pH - Medium:	Product >1 - 3 (20oC)
Melting point/range:	-52.2oC
Boiling point/ range:	ca.114oC
Flash point:	Not combustible
Evaporation rate:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not flammable
Auto inflammability:	Not spontaneously flammable
Thermal decomposition:	No data available
Oxidising properties:	No data available
Explosiveness:	Not explosive
Lower Explosion Limit:	No data available
Upper Explosion Limit:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	2.99hPa (25oC)
	Related to substance: Hydrogen peroxide 100%
Density:	1.196 g/cm ³ (20oC)
Relative density:	1.1914 (25oC)
Water solubility:	Miscible

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*

Partition co-efficient
(n-octanol/water)

Log Pow: Method: Calculated -157
Related to substance: Hydrogen peroxide 100%

Viscosity, dynamic:

1.17 mPas (20oC)

Vapour density:

No data available

Molecular weight:

34.02 g/Mol

9.2 Further information

Miscibility in water:

Completely miscible

Surface tension:

Ca.75.68 mN.m (20oC)

Other information:

Strong Oxidising agent

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Product is a strong oxidising agent and reactive. Commercial products are stabilised to reduce the risk of decomposition due to

Contamination. Danger of decomposition if exposed to heat.

When coming into contact with the product, impurities, decomposition catalysts, incompatible substances, combustible

substances, may lead to self-accelerated, exothermic decomposition and the formation of oxygen. Risk of over-pressure and burst due to decomposition in confined spaces and pipes. Release of oxygen may support combustion.

Mixtures with organic materials (e.g. solvents) can display explosive properties.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Sun rays, heat, heat effect.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Impurities, decomposition catalysts, metals, metallic salts, alkalis, hydrochloric acid, reducing agents, (risk of decomposition)

Flammable substances (danger of fire).

Organic solvents (danger of explosion).

Do not mix with other cleaning products unless advised to do so by a professional from the industry.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products under conditions of thermal decomposition: steam, oxygen.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute Oral Toxicity:

LD50 Rat (female): 801 mg/kg. Method: OECD Guide-line 401. Test Substance: Hydrogen peroxide , 50%.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity:

LC50 Rat (male/female) >0.17 mg/l/4h. Method: US-EPA-method. Test Substance: Hydrogen peroxide, 50%

The maximum dose attainable under experimental conditions no fatalities.

Acute Dermal Toxicity:

LD50 Rabbit: >6500 mg/kg. Method: Literature. Test Substance: Hydrogen peroxide, 70%.

LD50 Rabbit (male/female): >2000 mg/kg. Method: US-EPA-method Test Substance: Hydrogen peroxide, 35%.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

Rabbit/3 min. strongly corrosive. Method: Literature. Test Substance: Hydrogen peroxide, 70%

Rabbit / 4h irritating. Test Substance: Hydrogen peroxide, 35%.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation:

Rabbit. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Method: Literature. Test Substance: Hydrogen Peroxide, 35%

Rabbit. Irritating. Method: OECD Guide-line 405. Test Substance: Hydrogen Peroxide, 10%, literature.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*

Sensitisation:

Sensitisation test guinea pig: not sensitising. Method: (Magnusson-Kligman test) Literature

Repeated Dose Toxicity:

Oral Mouse (female). / 90d, Subsequent observation period: 6 weeks. NOEL: 37 mg/kg.

Target organ/effect: changes of parameters of blood, body weight development negative, irritative effect: Gastrointestinal

tract. Method: OECD TG 408. Test substance : hydrogen peroxide 35%, Drinking water analysis.

Oral Mouse (male). : 90d, Subsequent observation period: 6 weeks. NOEL: 26 mg/kg.

Target organ/effect: changes of parameters of blood, body weight development negative. Irritative effect: Gastrointestinal

tract. Method: OECD TG 408. Test substance : hydrogen peroxide 35%, Drinking water analysis.

Assessment of STOT single exposure: No data available

Assessment of STOT repeated exposure: No data available

Risk of Aspiration Toxicity: No data available

Genotoxicity in vitro:

Bacterial reverse mutation assay S-typhimurium /E.coli positive and negative.

Metabolic activation; with or without -literature.

Chromosomal aberration mammalian cells positive. Metabolic activation: without. Method: OECD TG 473 literature

Genetic mutation in mammal cells- positive. Metabolic activation: without, Method: OECD TG 476, literature.

Genotoxicity in vivo:

Micronucleus test mouse intraperitoneal (i.p) negative. Method: OECD TG 474. Test substance: Hydrogen Peroxide 35%.

Carcinogenicity:

No data available

Carcinogenicity assessment:

Clues to possible carcinogenic effects in animal experiments: Up to date there is no evidence of increase tumour risk. Hydrogen peroxide is not a carcinogenic substance according to MAK, IARC, NTP, OSHA, ACGIH

Toxicity to reproduction: No data available

Human experience:

Effect on the skin: Causes caustic burns. With increasing contact length, local erythema or extreme irritation (whitening) up to blistering (caustic burn) can occur Effect on the eyes: Extreme irritation up to cauterisation. Can cause severe conjunctivitis, cornea damage or irreversible eye damage. Symptoms may occur with delay.

Effect when swallowed: Swallowing can lead to bleeding of the mucosa of the mouth, oesophagus and stomach. The rapid release of oxygen can cause distension and bleeding of the mucosa in the stomach and lead to severe damage of the internal organs, especially in the event of greater intake of the product.

Effect when inhaled: Inhalation of vapours/aerosols can lead to irritation of the respiratory tract and cause inflammation of the respiratory tract and pulmonary oedema. Symptoms may occur with delay.

Toxicity Assessment:

Acute effects- Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Cause serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Due to the data available, the classification criteria for all further toxicological end points are not fulfilled.

CMR Assessment:

Carcinogenicity: The classification criteria are not met based on the available data.

Mutagenicity: The classification criteria are not met based on the available data.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Persistence and degradability

Photo-decomposition: 50% degradation with approx.20 hours; medium: air.

Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable. Semi-quantitative measurement of concentration over time.

Related to substance:

Hydrogen Peroxide 100%.

Further information: Under ambient conditions quick hydrolysis, reduction or decomposition occurs. The following substances

are formed: oxygen and water.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*

Bio accumulative potential:

Bioaccumulation: none. Hydrogen peroxide quickly decomposes to oxygen and water.

12.2 Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 semi-static test *Primephales promelas*: 16.4 mg/l/96h. Related to substance: hydrogen peroxide 100%.

Toxicity to daphnia:

EC50 semi-static test *Daphnia pulex*: 2.4 mg/l/48h. Method: Literature. Related to substance: hydrogen peroxide 100%.

NOEC flow-through test *Daphnia magna*: 0.63 mg/l/21d. Method: Literature. Related to substance: hydrogen peroxide 100%.

Toxicity to algae:

NOEC static test *Skeletonema costatum*: 0.63 mg/l/72h End point; growth rate. Related to substance: hydrogen peroxide 100%.

Toxicity to bacteria:

EC50 Activated sludge: 466 mg/l/30min. Method: OECD TG 209. Related to substance: hydrogen peroxide 100%.

EC50 Activated sludge: 100mg/l/3h. Method: OECD TG 209. Related to substance: hydrogen peroxide 100%.

12.3 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Not a PBT, vPvB substance as per the criteria of the REACH Ordinance.

Further information on ecology:

AOX: The product does not contain any organically bonded halogen.

Ecotoxicity Assessment:

Acute Aquatic toxicity: The classification criteria are not met based on the available data.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL INFORMATION

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product: Disposal in accordance to local authority regulations. In the case of recycling/disposal contact the relevant authorities. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

With small amounts: May be disposed of as sewage water in accordance with local regulations by previously diluting with plenty of water.

Uncleaned Packaging: Rinse empty containers before disposal; recommended cleaning agent; water.

Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities. Do not use empty containers and dispose of in accordance with the regulations issued by the appropriate local authorities. Dispose of containers that have not been emptied completely and/or cleaned, in the same manner as the substance.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport ADR/RID/GGVSEB (Germany)



ADR/RID - Labels

5.1 (8)

Class

5.1

UN No.

2014

Packaging group

II

Orange warning plate

58/2014

Tunnel Restriction Code (ADR)

(E)

Description of the goods (technical name)

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Sea Transport IMDG-Code/GGVSee (Germany)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compilation date:

compiled according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

27/01/2022

Revision [CLP]:

4*



Class	5.1
Subsidiary risk	8
UN No.	2014
Packaging group	II
EmS	F-H, S-Q
Proper technical name (proper shipping name)	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Air Transport ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR

Class	5.1
UN No.	2014
Proper technical name (proper shipping name)	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Inland waterway transport ADN/ADNR/GGVSEB (Germany)

ADNR/RID labels	5.1 (8)
Class	5.1
UN No. Substance number	2014
Packaging group	II
Description of the goods (technical name)	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Labelling according to EC Directives, statutory basis/list:**

According to the Dangerous Preparations Directive (1999/45/EG)

Registration

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS) - Listed/registered

National legislation

Regulations on labour safety: It must be determined whether preventive substance-specific occupational medical examinations in accordance with national law in each case must be offered/carried out at regular intervals.

Employment restriction

Please note Directive 92/85/EEC (Pregnant Workers Directive) and amendments. Please note Directive 94/33/EC (Protection of Young Workers at the Workplace Directive) and amendments

Other regulations

Please observe Appendix XVII of the EU Directive 1907/2006 (Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market, and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles) as well as their amendments

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Usage and handling instructions are not mentioned on this Material Safety Data Sheet. The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2.2.

The full text of the H- and EUH-phrases indicated in this safety data sheet are as follows:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral): Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity- single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

Oxidising Liquids Category 1; H271

Acute Toxicity (inhalation) Category 4; H332

H302: Harmful if swallowed
H315: Causes skin irritation
H318: Causes serious eye damage
H335: May cause respiratory irritation

The information given has been compiled with reference to the Chemicals (Hazard Information & Packaging For Supply) Regulations (CHIP4) 2009 as amended, the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation & Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) Regulations, as amended, the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002, as amended, and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. This information also harmonises the provisions and criteria for the classification and labelling of substances, mixtures and certain specific articles within the Community, taking into account the classification criteria and labelling rules of the GHS.

* Version History - Reason for Revision:

1. Add Classification According to (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
2. Remove Classification According to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC. Update Supplier Address
3. Update Reach Registration Nos. in section 3.

Legal disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.